

PROBLEMA N°1

Dados la matriz $A \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 3}$, el vector $b \in \mathbb{R}^4$, $a \in \mathbb{R}$ y el subespacio F de \mathbb{R}^4 .

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, b = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ a-2 \\ a^2 \end{pmatrix} \text{ y } F = \begin{cases} x_1 + x_2 - x_4 = 0 \\ x_1 + x_3 + x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$$

a) Discutir y resolver cuando sea compatible el sistema $AX=b$, con $X \in \mathbb{R}^3$ (4 puntos).

b) Sea E el espacio columna de A , calcular sus ecuaciones implícitas. (2 puntos).

c) Encontrar una base del subespacio $E \cap F$. (2 puntos).

d) Calcular la matriz B de la transformación lineal $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4$ que verifica:

$T(e_1) = A(e_2 + e_3)$, $T(e_2) = Ae_3$, $T(e_3) = Ae_2$, donde $\{e_1, e_2, e_3\}$ es la base canónica de \mathbb{R}^3 . (2 puntos).

① $\text{th. R-F: } AX=b \text{ S.C.} \Leftrightarrow \text{rg}(A) = \text{rg}(A|b)$

$$(A|b) = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & a-2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & a^2 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{F_3-F_2} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a-3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a^2-1 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{F_4-F_2} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a-3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a^2-1 \end{array} \right)$$

$\boxed{\text{rg}(A) = 2}$

$\boxed{\text{rg}(A|b) \neq 2 \forall a \in \mathbb{R}}$

Sistema
Incompatible

$$\text{rg}(A|b) = 2 \Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a-3=0 \\ a^2-1=0 \end{array} \right\} \Leftrightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a=3 \\ a=\pm 1 \end{array} \right\} \Leftrightarrow \text{rg}(A|b) \neq 2 \forall a \in \mathbb{R}$$

② $E = \langle (-1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0) \ (2 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1) \ (0 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1) \rangle$

$$(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) \in E \Leftrightarrow (x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = \alpha(-1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0) + \beta(2 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1) + \gamma(0 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1)$$

$$E = \begin{cases} x_2 = x_3 \\ x_2 = x_4 \end{cases}$$

$\boxed{E \equiv x_2 = x_3 = x_4}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 2 & 0 & x_1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & x_2 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & x_3 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & x_4 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{F_3-F_2} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 2 & 0 & x_1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & x_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & x_3-x_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & x_4-x_2 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{x_3-x_2=0} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} -1 & 2 & 0 & x_1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & x_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & x_3-x_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & x_4-x_2 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{x_4-x_2=0}$$

③ $F = \begin{cases} x_1 + x_2 - x_4 = 0 \\ x_1 + x_3 + x_4 = 0 \end{cases}$

$$E \equiv x_2 = x_3 = x_4$$

? $E \cap F$?

$$x \in E \cap F \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x \in E \\ x \in F \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} x_2 = x_3 = x_4 \\ x_1 + x_2 - x_4 = 0 \\ x_1 + x_3 + x_4 = 0 \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} x_4 = x_2 \\ x_3 = x_2 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_4 = 0 \\ x_3 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + x_2 - x_2 = 0 \\ x_1 + x_2 + x_2 = 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 0 \\ x_2 = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\boxed{x_2 = 0}$$

$\boxed{E \cap F = \{0\}}$

④ $\begin{cases} T(e_1) = A(e_1 + e_2) \\ T(e_2) = Ae_3 \\ T(e_3) = Ae_2 \end{cases}$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

? B ?

$$\begin{array}{l} e_1 (1 \ 0 \ 0) \\ e_2 (0 \ 1 \ 0) \\ e_3 (0 \ 0 \ 1) \end{array}$$

$$T(e_1) = A \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = (1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1) \quad \boxed{T(e_1) = A \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = (1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1)}$$

$$T(x) = B \cdot x$$

$$T(e_i) = B \cdot e_i \quad \boxed{T(e_i) = B \cdot e_i}$$

$$T(e_1) = 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$T(e_2) = A \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = (0 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1)^T$$

$$T(e_3) = A \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = (2 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1)^T$$

$$T(e_i) = B \cdot e_i$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

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CORRECCIÓN (a)

$$T(e_1) = A(e_2 + e_3) = A \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = (2 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0)^T$$

$$T(e_2) = A \cdot e_3 = (0 \ -1 \ -1 \ -1)^T$$

$$T(e_3) = A \cdot e_2 = (2 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1)^T$$

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

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